



Ending the Postcode Lottery - *improving services & support*

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Postcode Lottery

What are the gaps?

1. Common approach to risk
2. Info sharing – the picture
3. Access to SDVC & IDVAS
4. Children
5. Civil Law access
6. Perpetrator focus
7. Comprehensive Performance Assessment
8. Learning lessons



Common Approach to risk

- 100% of Forces have a model
- 72% of Forces using a derivation of ACPO compliant risk models
- Development of 'DASH'



Information Sharing

- **Consistent approach to disclose information**
- **Duty to co-operate and share anonymized data**
- **Obligation to share information about those at risk or pose a risk**



Access to SDVC & IDVAS

- **100+ Specialist Courts = Good progress**
- **More confident than not about national coverage**



Children

- **40% of those on CPR are from DV households**
- **Social Services “struggling” with volume of referrals**
- **Automatic national standard**



Civil Law access

- Relying on pro-bono
- “No recourse”
- Criminal / Civil interface
- Section 12 DVCVA (possibly 2009)



Perpetrators

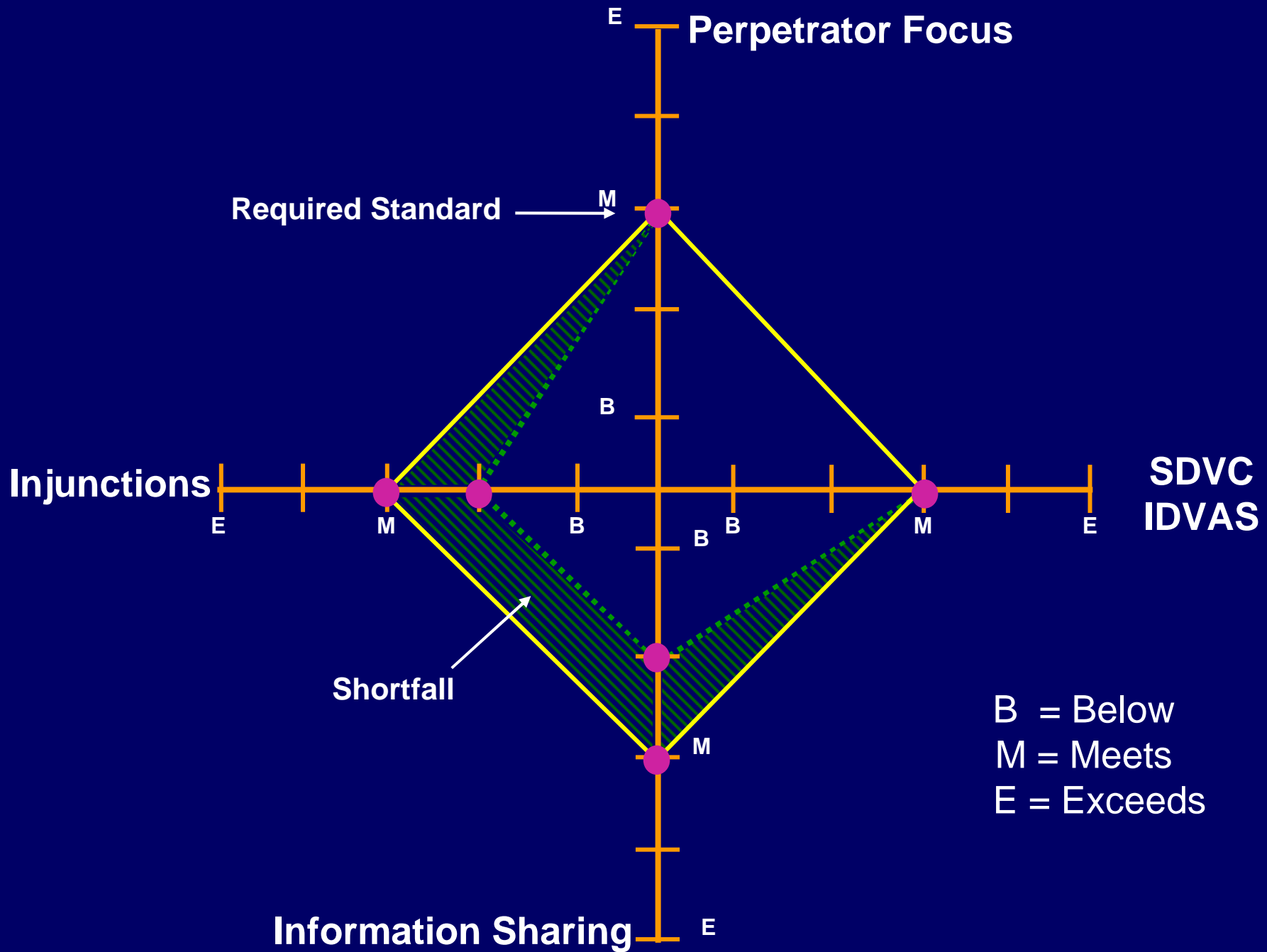
- Largest gap – grow knowledge
- Punish and prevent
- Reasoned debate and a new direction
- Flag and track
- “Right to know”



Learning Lessons

- **Section 9 DVCVA**
- **Where does all the learning go?**





Policy implications

- 1) Common approach to risk**
- 2) Info sharing – the picture**
- 3) Access to SDVC & IDVAS**
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- 7) Comprehensive Performance Assessment**
- 8) Learning lessons**